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Bis[(2*S*,4*S*)-4-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2-methylpiperazine-1,4-diium] di-μ-chloridobis[trichloridocadmium(II)]

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.005 Å; R factor = 0.025; wR factor = 0.060; data-to-parameter ratio = 23.7.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $(C_7H_{18}N_2O)_2$ -[Cd₂Cl₈], comprises one 4-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2-methylpiperazine-1,4-diium dication and a half [Cd₂Cl₈]⁴⁻ anion. The two Cd atoms are each coordinated by two bridging Cl atoms and three terminal Cl atoms and the [Cd₂Cl₈]⁴⁻ anion is located on an inversion centre. The crystal structure consists of N-H···Cl hydrogen-bonded sheets, which are further linked by C-H···Cl contacts, yielding a three-dimensional network.

Related literature

For general background to ferroelectric metal-organic frameworks, see: Fu *et al.* (2009, 2010); Ye *et al.* (2006); Zhang *et al.* (2008, 2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

- $\begin{array}{l} ({\rm C_7H_{18}N_2O})_2[{\rm Cd_2Cl_8}] \\ M_r = 800.86 \\ {\rm Monoclinic}, \ P_{2_1}/n \\ a = 8.0318 \ (16) \ {\rm \mathring{A}} \\ b = 11.144 \ (2) \ {\rm \mathring{A}} \\ c = 15.816 \ (3) \ {\rm \mathring{A}} \\ \beta = 97.81 \ (3)^{\circ} \end{array}$
- $V = 1402.6 (5) Å^{3}$ Z = 2Mo K\alpha radiation $\mu = 2.30 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 K $0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005) $T_{\rm min} = 0.632, T_{\rm max} = 0.638$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.025$ $wR(F^2) = 0.060$ S = 1.193217 reflections 136 parameters 3217 independent reflections 3008 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.037$

14193 measured reflections

2 restraints H-atom parameters constrained $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.35$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.88$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$D1 - H1A \cdots Cl4^{i}$	0.82	2.68	3.188 (3)	121
$N1 - H1D \cdots Cl3^{ii}$	0.91	2.29	3.163 (3)	161
$N2 - H2D \cdots Cl4^{iii}$	0.90	2.88	3.405 (3)	119
$N2 - H2D \cdots Cl1^{iv}$	0.90	2.35	3.125 (3)	144
$N2 - H2A \cdots Cl2^{v}$	0.90	2.25	3.119 (3)	164

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, -y, -z + 1; (ii) x + 1, y, z; (iii) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (iv) $x + \frac{3}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (v) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg & Putz, 2005); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RN2080).

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supplementary materials

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Bis[(2*S*,4*S*)-4-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2-methylpiperazine-1,4-diium] bis[trichloridocadmium(II)]

di-µ-chlorido-

T. Rong

Comment

The study of ferroelectric materials has received much attention. Some materials have predominantly dielectric-ferroelectric performance. The title compound was studied as part of our work to obtain potential ferroelectric phase-change materials [Fu *et al.*(2009); Ye *et al.*(2006); Zhang *et al.*(2008; 2010)].

As one part of our continuing studies on dielectric-ferroelectric materials, we synthesized the title compound $(C_7H_{18}N_2O).CdCl_4$ (Fig 1). Unfortunately, the study carried out on the title compound indicated that the permittivity is temperature-independent, suggesting that there may be no dielectric disuniformity between 80 K to 350 K [Fu *et al.* (2010)].

The asymmetric unit of the title compound contains one $[C_7H_{17}N_2O]^{2+}$ basic ion and half of the $[Cd_2Cl_8]^{4-}$ complex ion which is situated on an inversion centre. The intermolecular hydrogen bonds (O1—H1A···Cl4, N1—H1D···Cl3, N2—H2D···Cl4, N2—H2D···Cl1 and N2—H2A···Cl2) link the molecules into sheets and stabilize the structure (Fig 2).

Experimental

Ethylene oxide (25 mmol) was added by bubbling of this gas into a solution of rac-2-methyl piperazine (10 mmol) in toluene at 318–323 K. The toluene solvent was then removed under reduced pressure, the rac-2-methyl-4-ethoxyl piperazine was obtained at 376–381 K by reduced pressure distillation of the mixture. A solution of chlorhydric acid (10 mmol) was added to a solution of half equimolar amount of rac-2-methyl-4-ethoxyl piperazine inethanol (20 mL), then cadmium chloride(5 mmol) in water (10 mL) was added. Crystals suitable for structure determination were grown by slow evaporation of the mixture at room temperature

Refinement

Positional parameters of all the H atoms bonded to C atoms were calculated geometrically and were allowed to ride on the C atoms to which they are bonded, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(C)$ for the methyl group. The other H bonded to O/N atoms were calculated geometrically and were allowed to ride on the O/N atoms with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(N)$ and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(O)$.

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, with the atomic numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. [The suffix A denotes the symmetry code: -x - y - 1 - z]

Fig. 2. A view of the packing of the title compound, stacking along the *a* axis. Dashed lines indicate hydrogen bonds.

Bis[(25,45)-4-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2-methylpiperazine-1,4-diium] di-µ-chlorido-bis[trichloridocadmium(II)]

Crystal data	
(C ₇ H ₁₈ N ₂ O) ₂ [Cd ₂ Cl ₈]	Z = 2
$M_r = 800.86$	F(000) = 792
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.896 {\rm ~Mg~m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 2yn	Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 8.0318 (16) Å	$\theta = 3.0-27.5^{\circ}$
b = 11.144 (2) Å	$\mu = 2.30 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 15.816 (3) Å	<i>T</i> = 293 K
$\beta = 97.81 \ (3)^{\circ}$	Prism, colourless
$V = 1402.6 (5) \text{ Å}^3$	$0.20\times0.20\times0.20~mm$

Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini diffractometer	3217 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	3008 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.037$
Detector resolution: 13.6612 pixels mm ⁻¹	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.0^{\circ}$
CCD_Profile_fitting scans	$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrystalClear; Rigaku, 2005)	$k = -14 \rightarrow 14$
$T_{\min} = 0.632, T_{\max} = 0.638$	$l = -20 \rightarrow 20$
14193 measured reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.025$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.060$	H-atom parameters constrained
<i>S</i> = 1.19	$w = 1/[\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2}) + (0.022P)^{2} + 0.433P]$ where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$
3217 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
136 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.35 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
2 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.88 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
Cd1	0.07749 (3)	0.14056 (2)	0.435513 (16)	0.02832 (11)
Cl4	0.13747 (12)	0.02958 (8)	0.59105 (5)	0.0299 (2)
C12	0.34061 (12)	0.04831 (9)	0.39588 (6)	0.0364 (2)
C13	0.13624 (14)	0.33698 (9)	0.51000 (6)	0.0363 (2)
C11	-0.02934 (12)	0.23097 (9)	0.28873 (6)	0.0369 (2)
N2	1.0951 (4)	0.3458 (3)	0.78336 (19)	0.0267 (6)
H2A	1.0310	0.3654	0.8237	0.032*
H2D	1.2013	0.3360	0.8091	0.032*
N1	0.8525 (4)	0.3466 (3)	0.63036 (19)	0.0262 (6)
H1D	0.9222	0.3270	0.5917	0.031*
C6	0.8591 (5)	0.2469 (3)	0.6942 (2)	0.0266 (7)
H6A	0.8235	0.1729	0.6649	0.032*
H6B	0.7812	0.2642	0.7344	0.032*
C4	1.0905 (5)	0.4452 (3)	0.7205 (2)	0.0332 (8)
H4A	1.1679	0.4280	0.6800	0.040*
H4B	1.1262	0.5191	0.7499	0.040*
C5	1.0336 (5)	0.2302 (3)	0.7425 (2)	0.0261 (7)
H5A	1.1095	0.2063	0.7019	0.031*
C3	0.9163 (5)	0.4608 (3)	0.6735 (2)	0.0328 (8)
H3A	0.8411	0.4854	0.7134	0.039*
H3B	0.9173	0.5236	0.6311	0.039*
01	0.7146 (4)	0.2021 (3)	0.49063 (18)	0.0422 (7)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

supplementary materials

H1A	0.6727	0.1408	0.4683	0.063*
C1	0.6018 (5)	0.2547 (4)	0.5418 (3)	0.0375 (9)
H1B	0.5787	0.1985	0.5857	0.045*
H1C	0.4965	0.2739	0.5068	0.045*
C7	1.0337 (6)	0.1329 (4)	0.8089 (3)	0.0410 (10)
H7A	1.1452	0.1236	0.8388	0.061*
H7B	0.9976	0.0587	0.7815	0.061*
H7C	0.9584	0.1546	0.8486	0.061*
C2	0.6798 (5)	0.3669 (4)	0.5825 (3)	0.0372 (9)
H2B	0.6075	0.3986	0.6215	0.045*
H2C	0.6868	0.4265	0.5384	0.045*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cd1	0.03076 (17)	0.02561 (17)	0.02899 (17)	-0.00180 (10)	0.00547 (12)	0.00126 (10)
Cl4	0.0366 (5)	0.0285 (5)	0.0240 (4)	-0.0056 (4)	0.0020 (3)	0.0008 (3)
Cl2	0.0334 (5)	0.0380 (5)	0.0409 (5)	0.0029 (4)	0.0160 (4)	0.0066 (4)
C13	0.0476 (6)	0.0283 (5)	0.0354 (5)	-0.0012 (4)	0.0140 (4)	-0.0020 (4)
Cl1	0.0296 (5)	0.0426 (6)	0.0379 (5)	-0.0037 (4)	0.0026 (4)	0.0134 (4)
N2	0.0242 (15)	0.0290 (16)	0.0268 (15)	0.0015 (12)	0.0028 (12)	-0.0039 (12)
N1	0.0293 (16)	0.0260 (16)	0.0234 (15)	0.0015 (12)	0.0037 (12)	-0.0019 (12)
C6	0.0281 (18)	0.0222 (18)	0.0298 (18)	-0.0016 (14)	0.0056 (14)	0.0004 (14)
C4	0.038 (2)	0.0281 (19)	0.0325 (19)	-0.0086 (16)	0.0027 (16)	0.0004 (16)
C5	0.0274 (18)	0.0234 (18)	0.0279 (17)	0.0014 (14)	0.0049 (14)	-0.0028 (14)
C3	0.043 (2)	0.0246 (19)	0.0294 (19)	-0.0022 (16)	-0.0009 (16)	0.0004 (15)
01	0.0465 (17)	0.0395 (17)	0.0403 (16)	-0.0039 (13)	0.0052 (13)	-0.0102 (13)
C1	0.031 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.039 (2)	0.0002 (17)	-0.0041 (17)	-0.0033 (18)
C7	0.049 (3)	0.031 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.0033 (18)	0.003 (2)	0.0055 (18)
C2	0.038 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.0083 (17)	-0.0064 (18)	-0.0045 (17)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cd1—Cl3	2.5003 (11)	C4—C3	1.502 (6)
Cd1—Cl2	2.5052 (11)	C4—H4A	0.9700
Cd1—Cl4 ⁱ	2.5603 (10)	C4—H4B	0.9700
Cd1—Cl1	2.5690 (11)	C5—C7	1.509 (5)
Cd1—Cl4	2.7371 (10)	С5—Н5А	0.9800
Cl4—Cd1 ⁱ	2.5603 (10)	С3—НЗА	0.9700
N2—C4	1.486 (5)	С3—Н3В	0.9700
N2—C5	1.495 (4)	O1—C1	1.421 (5)
N2—H2A	0.9000	O1—H1A	0.8200
N2—H2D	0.9000	C1—C2	1.503 (5)
N1—C6	1.497 (4)	C1—H1B	0.9700
N1—C3	1.501 (5)	C1—H1C	0.9700
N1—C2	1.505 (5)	С7—Н7А	0.9600
N1—H1D	0.9100	С7—Н7В	0.9600
C6—C5	1.514 (5)	С7—Н7С	0.9600

С6—Н6А	0.9700	С2—Н2В	0.9700
С6—Н6В	0.9700	С2—Н2С	0.9700
Cl3—Cd1—Cl2	111.44 (4)	C3—C4—H4B	109.5
Cl3—Cd1—Cl4 ⁱ	143.67 (4)	H4A—C4—H4B	108.1
Cl2—Cd1—Cl4 ⁱ	103.18 (4)	N2—C5—C7	110.4 (3)
Cl3—Cd1—Cl1	95.79 (4)	N2—C5—C6	109.9 (3)
Cl2—Cd1—Cl1	97.14 (4)	C7—C5—C6	110.7 (3)
Cl4 ⁱ —Cd1—Cl1	90.41 (4)	N2—C5—H5A	108.6
Cl3—Cd1—Cl4	88.47 (3)	С7—С5—Н5А	108.6
Cl2—Cd1—Cl4	89.31 (4)	С6—С5—Н5А	108.6
Cl4 ⁱ —Cd1—Cl4	81.10 (4)	N1—C3—C4	111.4 (3)
Cl1—Cd1—Cl4	170.34 (3)	N1—C3—H3A	109.4
Cd1 ⁱ —Cl4—Cd1	98.90 (4)	C4—C3—H3A	109.4
C4—N2—C5	112.1 (3)	N1—C3—H3B	109.4
C4—N2—H2A	109.2	С4—С3—Н3В	109.4
C5—N2—H2A	109.2	НЗА—СЗ—НЗВ	108.0
C4—N2—H2D	109.2	C1—O1—H1A	109.5
C5—N2—H2D	109.2	O1—C1—C2	109.0 (3)
H2A—N2—H2D	107.9	O1—C1—H1B	109.9
C6—N1—C3	110.1 (3)	C2—C1—H1B	109.9
C6—N1—C2	113.4 (3)	O1—C1—H1C	109.9
C3—N1—C2	109.6 (3)	C2—C1—H1C	109.9
C6—N1—H1D	107.9	H1B—C1—H1C	108.3
C3—N1—H1D	107.9	С5—С7—Н7А	109.5
C2—N1—H1D	107.9	С5—С7—Н7В	109.5
N1—C6—C5	112.2 (3)	Н7А—С7—Н7В	109.5
N1—C6—H6A	109.2	С5—С7—Н7С	109.5
С5—С6—Н6А	109.2	H7A—C7—H7C	109.5
N1—C6—H6B	109.2	H7B—C7—H7C	109.5
С5—С6—Н6В	109.2	C1—C2—N1	113.1 (3)
H6A—C6—H6B	107.9	C1—C2—H2B	109.0
N2—C4—C3	110.8 (3)	N1—C2—H2B	109.0
N2—C4—H4A	109.5	C1—C2—H2C	109.0
C3—C4—H4A	109.5	N1—C2—H2C	109.0
N2—C4—H4B	109.5	H2B—C2—H2C	107.8
Cl3—Cd1—Cl4—Cd1 ⁱ	145.07 (4)	N1-C6-C5-N2	55.2 (4)
Cl2—Cd1—Cl4—Cd1 ⁱ	-103.46 (4)	N1—C6—C5—C7	177.4 (3)
Cl4 ⁱ —Cd1—Cl4—Cd1 ⁱ	0.0	C6—N1—C3—C4	55.9 (4)
Cl1—Cd1—Cl4—Cd1 ⁱ	28.7 (2)	C2—N1—C3—C4	-178.7 (3)
C3—N1—C6—C5	-55.7 (4)	N2-C4-C3-N1	-56.5 (4)
C2—N1—C6—C5	-178.9 (3)	O1—C1—C2—N1	-53.4 (5)
C5—N2—C4—C3	56.5 (4)	C6—N1—C2—C1	-52.8 (5)
C4—N2—C5—C7	-177.7 (3)	C3—N1—C2—C1	-176.3 (3)
C4—N2—C5—C6	-55.3 (4)		
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x$, $-y$, $-z+1$.			

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D -\!\!\!-\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$
O1—H1A····Cl4 ⁱⁱ	0.82	2.68	3.188 (3)	121
N1—H1D····Cl3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.91	2.29	3.163 (3)	161
N2—H2D····Cl4 ^{iv}	0.90	2.88	3.405 (3)	119
N2—H2D····Cl1 ^v	0.90	2.35	3.125 (3)	144
N2—H2A…Cl2 ^{vi}	0.90	2.25	3.119 (3)	164

Symmetry codes: (ii) -x+1, -y, -z+1; (iii) x+1, y, z; (iv) -x+3/2, y+1/2, -z+3/2; (v) x+3/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2; (vi) x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2.





